WEST Search History

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DATE: Tuesday, February 15, 2005

Hide?	<u>Set</u> <u>Name</u>	Query	<u>Hit</u> Count
	DB=PC	SPB; THES=ASSIGNEE; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ	
	L6	ompa same (tissue plasminogen activator or tpa or t-pa or k2s or kringle adj2 2 adj2 serine)	3
	DB=US	SPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI; THES=ASSIGNEE; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ	
	L5	L4 and nucleic acid	74
	L4	L3 and signal peptide	80
	L3	ompa and (tissue plasminogen activator or tpa or t-pa or k2s or kringle adj2 2 adj2 serine)	112
	L2	L1 and signal adj1 peptide	4
П	L1	ompa same (tissue plasminogen activator or tpa or t-pa or k2s or kringle adj2 2 adj2 serine)	6

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

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Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 6 of 6 returned.

☐ 1. Document ID: US 6083715 A

Using default format because multiple data bases are involved.

L1: Entry 1 of 6

File: USPT

Jul 4, 2000

US-PAT-NO: 6083715

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6083715 A

** See image for Certificate of Correction **

TITLE: Methods for producing heterologous disulfide bond-containing polypeptides in bacterial cells

DATE-ISSUED: July 4, 2000

INVENTOR - INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Georgiou; George Austin TX
Oiu; Ji Austin TX
Bessette; Paul Austin TX
Swartz; James Menlo Park CA

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/69.1; 435/252.1, 435/252.8, 435/320.1, 435/69.7, 536/23.1, 536/23.4

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference **Sequences Attachments** Claims KWC Draw. Do

☐ 2. Document ID: US 6027888 A

L1: Entry 2 of 6 File: USPT Feb 22, 2000

US-PAT-NO: 6027888

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6027888 A

TITLE: Methods for producing soluble, biologically-active disulfide-bond containing eukaryotic proteins in bacterial cells

DATE-ISSUED: February 22, 2000

INVENTOR - INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Georgiou; George Austin TX
Ostermeier; Marc State College PA

Record List Display Page 2 of 7

US-CL-CURRENT: $\frac{435}{6}$; $\frac{435}{243}$, $\frac{435}{320.1}$, $\frac{435}{69.1}$, $\frac{435}{91.1}$, $\frac{530}{350}$, $\frac{536}{23.2}$,

536/23.5

ABSTRACT:

Disclosed are methods of producing eukaryotic disulfide bond-containing polypeptides in bacterial hosts, and compositions resulting therefrom. Co-expression of a eukaryotic foldase and a disulfide bond-containing polypeptide in a bacterial host cell is demonstrated. In particular embodiments, the methods have been used to produce mammalian pancreatic trypsin inhibitor and tissue plasminogen activator (tPA) in soluble, biologically-active forms, which are isolatable from the bacterial periplasm. Also disclosed are expression systems, recombinant vectors, and transformed host cells.

40 Claims, 11 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 1 Number of Drawing Sheets: 7

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw, De
							·····					
_	2	D	TD.	T TO 67	00100 4							

☐ 3. Document ID: US 5789199 A

L1: Entry 3 of 6

File: USPT

Aug 4, 1998

US-PAT-NO: 5789199

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5789199 A

** See image for Certificate of Correction **

TITLE: Process for bacterial production of polypeptides

DATE-ISSUED: August 4, 1998

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Joly; John C. San Mateo CA Swartz; James R. Menlo Park CA

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/69.1; 435/252.3, 435/252.33

ABSTRACT:

A process is provided for producing a heterologous polypeptide in bacteria. This process comprises, in a first step, culturing bacterial cells that lack their native pstS gene and comprise nucleic acid encoding a PstS variant having an amino acid variation within the phosphate-binding region of the corresponding native PstS, nucleic acid encoding a DsbA or DsbC protein, nucleic acid encoding the heterologous polypeptide, a signal sequence for secretion of both the DsbA or DsbC protein and the heterologous polypeptide, an inducible promoter for the nucleic acid encoding the DsbA or DsbC protein, and an alkaline phosphatase promoter for the nucleic acid encoding the heterologous polypeptide. The nucleic acid encoding a PstS variant is under the transcriptional control of the wild-type pstS gene promoter. The second step of the process involves recovering the heterologous polypeptide from the periplasm or the culture medium.

32 Claims, 5 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 1 Number of Drawing Sheets: 5

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments Claims KMC Draw De

☐ 4. Document ID: US 5639635 A

L1: Entry 4 of 6

File: USPT

Jun 17, 1997

US-PAT-NO: 5639635

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5639635 A

TITLE: Process for bacterial production of polypeptides

DATE-ISSUED: June 17, 1997

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

CITY

STATE

ZIP CODE

COUNTRY

Joly; John C.

San Mateo Menlo Park CA CA

Swartz; James R.

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/69.1; 536/23.5, 536/23.6, 536/23.7

ABSTRACT:

A process is provided for producing a heterologous polypeptide in bacteria, which process comprises:

- (a) culturing bacterial cells, which cells comprise nucleic acid encoding a DsbA or DsbC protein, nucleic acid encoding the heterologous polypeptide, a signal sequence for secretion of both the DsbA or DsbC protein and the heterologous polypeptide, and an inducible promoter for both the nucleic acid encoding the DsbA or DsbC protein and the nucleic acid encoding the heterologous polypeptide, under conditions whereby expression of the nucleic acid encoding the DsbA or DsbC protein is induced prior to induction of the expression of the nucleic acid encoding the heterologous polypeptide, and under conditions whereby either both the heterologous polypeptide and the DsbA or DsbC protein are secreted into the periplasm of the bacteria or the heterologous polypeptide is secreted into the medium in which the bacterial cells are cultured; and
- (b) recovering the heterologous polypeptide from the periplasm or the culture medium.

18 Claims, 3 Drawing figures Exemplary Claim Number: 1

Number of Drawing Sheets: 3

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments Claims KMC Draw. De

5. Document ID: MX 2003004161 A1, WO 200240650 A2, AU 200221815 A, US

20030049729 A1, NO 200302143 A, BR 200115344 A, HU 200301619 A2, CZ 200301657 A3, KR 2003059252 A, SK 200300579 A3, EP 1407030 A2, JP 2004520018 W, ZA 200303547 A

L1: Entry 5 of 6 File: DWPI May 1, 2004

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 2002-519376

DERWENT-WEEK: 200482

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TITLE: Producing active, correctly folded recombinant tissue plasminogen activator, Kringle 2 serine protease in prokaryotic cells by expressing the protein-encoding DNA operably linked to DNA coding for signal peptide OmpA

INVENTOR: GOETZ, F; MANOSROI, A; MANOSROI, J; TAYAPIWATANA, C; WERNER, R; TAYAPIWANATANA, C

PRIORITY-DATA: 2000GB-0027779 (November 14, 2000)

PATENT-FAMILY:

PUB-NO	PUB-DATE	LANGUAGE	PAGES	MAIN-IPC
MX 2003004161 A1	May 1, 2004		000	C12N009/00
WO 200240650 A2	May 23, 2002	E	080	C12N009/00
AU 200221815 A	May 27, 2002		000	C12N009/00
US 20030049729 A1	March 13, 2003		000	C12P021/02
NO 200302143 A	July 7, 2003		000	C12N015/70
BR 200115344 A	August 26, 2003		000	C12N009/00
HU 200301619 A2	September 29, 2003		000	C12N009/00
CZ 200301657 A3	October 15, 2003		000	C12N009/00
KR 2003059252 A	July 7, 2003		000	C12N009/00
SK 200300579 A3	January 8, 2004		000	C12N015/62
EP 1407030 A2	April 14, 2004	E	000	C12N015/62
JP 2004520018 W	July 8, 2004		116	C12N015/09
ZA 200303547 A	June 30, 2004		099	C12N009/00

INT-CL (IPC): A61 P 9/00; A61 P 9/10; A61 P 11/00; C07 K 19/00; C12 N 1/21; C12 N 5/10; C12 N 9/00; C12 N 9/64; C12 N 9/72; C12 N 15/09; C12 N 15/12; C12 N 15/58; C12 N 15/62; C12 N 15/70; C12 N 15/72; C12 N 15/74; C12 P 19/34; C12 P 21/02

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: WO 200240650A BASIC-ABSTRACT:

NOVELTY - Producing (M1) extracellularly secreted, active, correctly folded, recombinant tissue plasminogen activator (tPA) (I), Kringle 2 serine protease molecule (K2S) (II), or their variants (Ia,Ib) in prokaryotic cells (C1) by using a (C1) containing and expressing vector comprising DNA encoding (I,II,Ia or Ib) operably linked to DNA coding for signal peptide OmpA or its functional derivative, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

(1) a DNA molecule (III) coding for the OmpA protein or its functional derivative, operably linked to a DNA molecule coding for a polypeptide containing the Kringle 2 domain and the serine protease domain of tPA;

- (2) a fusion protein (IV) of OmpA and K2S, comprising a fully defined sequence of 377 amino acids (S8) as given in the specification, or its fragment, functional variant, allelic variant, a subunit, a chemical derivative or a glycosylation variant;
- (3) a K2S protein (V) comprising a fully defined sequence of SEGN (S9) or its variant, fragment, functional variant, allelic variant, subunit, chemical derivative, fusion protein or glycosylation variant;
- (4) a vector (VI) containing (III);
- (5) a vector pComb3HSS (VII) containing (III), where the expression of the gp III protein is suppressed or inhibited by deleting the DNA molecule encoding the gp III protein or by a stop codon between the gene coding for a polypeptide containing the Kringle 2 domain and the serine protease domain of tissue plasminogen activator protein and the gp III gene; and
- (6) a prokaryotic host cell (VIII) comprising (III), (VI) or (VII).

ACTIVITY - Cerebroprotective; Cardiant; Thrombolytic.

No biological data is given.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Mediator of fibrin formation and clot dissolution.

USE - M1 is useful for producing recombinant DNA-derived tissue plasminogen activator (tPA), Kringle 2 serine protease molecule (K2S), or variants of tPA or K2S molecule in a prokaryotic cell such as Escherichia coli. (III), (VI), (VII) or (VIII) are used in the method for producing a polypeptide with the activity of tPA protein. Preferably, the molecules are useful in (M1) (all claimed).

The DNA molecules, vectors or host cells are useful for producing a polypeptide having the activity of tissue plasminogen activator. Recombinant DNA-derived polypeptides from (M1) are useful for manufacturing a medicament for treating stroke, cardiac infarction, acute myocardial infarction, pulmonary embolism, any artery occlusion such as coronary artery occlusion, intracranial artery occlusion (e.g., arteries supplying the brain), peripherally occluded arteries, deep vein thrombosis, or related diseases associated with unwanted blood clotting.

ADVANTAGE - The use of the signal peptide \underline{OmpA} alone and/or in combination with the N-terminal amino acids SEGN (S9)/SEGNSD (S10) translocate the recombinant DNA-derived \underline{tPA} , \underline{tPA} variant, $\underline{K2S}$ molecule or $\underline{K2S}$ variant to the outer surface and facilitates the release of the functional and active molecule into the culture medium to a greater extent than any other known method. Before crossing the outer membrane, the recombinant DNA-derived protein is correctly folded, the signal peptide is cleaved off to produce a mature molecule and the efficiency of signal peptide removal is very high and leads to correct folding of the recombinant DNA-derived protein.

Full	Title	Citation Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWAC	Draw, De
										•	
	6.	Document ID:	MX 20	003004162	A1.	WO 2002	40696 A2.	AU 20022	1824 A	US	***************************************

20030013150 A1, EP 1343909 A2, KR 2003051821 A, JP 2004513648 W

L1: Entry 6 of 6

File: DWPI

May 1, 2004

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 2002-471625

DERWENT-WEEK: 200482

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TITLE: Producing recombinant DNA-derived <u>kringle 2 plus serine</u> protease, comprises using a prokaryotic cell expressing a vector having a DNA coding for a heterologous protein operably linked to a DNA coding for the signal peptide <u>OmpA</u>

INVENTOR: GOETZ, F; MANOSROI, A; MANOSROI, J; TAYAPIWATANA, C; WERNER, R

PRIORITY-DATA: 2000GB-0027782 (November 14, 2000)

PATENT-FAMILY:

PUB-NO	PUB-DATE	LANGUAGE	PAGES	MAIN-IPC
MX 2003004162 A1	May 1, 2004		000	C12P021/02
WO 200240696 A2	May 23, 2002	E	052	C12P021/02
AU 200221824 A	May 27, 2002		000	C12P021/02
US 20030013150 A1	January 16, 2003		000	C12P021/02
EP 1343909 A2	September 17, 2003	E	000	C12P021/02
KR 2003051821 A	June 25, 2003		000	C12P021/02
JP 2004513648 W	May 13, 2004		079	C12N015/09

INT-CL (IPC): C12 N 5/06; C12 N 15/09; C12 N 15/87; C12 P 19/34; C12 P 21/02

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: WO 200240696A

BASIC-ABSTRACT:

NOVELTY - Producing recombinant DNA-derived heterologous protein in prokaryotic cells, where the heterologous protein is secreted extracellularly as an active and correctly folded protein and the prokaryotic cell contains and expresses a vector comprising the DNA coding for the heterologous protein operably linked to the DNA coding for the signal peptide OmpA or its functional derivative, is new.

USE - The method is useful for commercial large-scale production of heterologous proteins, e.g. K2S, in prokaryotic cells, and is generally applicable in the expression of several different proteins and polypeptides which do not require mammalian glycosylation in prokaryotic host cells. The method may also be used to obtain DNA sequences of a protein of interest to be expressed from databases and cloned for use.

ADVANTAGE - Unlike previous methods, the new method is commercially applicable for large-scale production of heterologous proteins, and is more cost effective.

Full	Title Citation	Front Rev	iew Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachmer	its Claims	KWIC	Draw, De
Clear	Gener	aie Collecii	en Print	J F	wd Reis	Blave	Refs	Gener	ato O/	(CS
	Terms		-					Documen	its	
	ompa same kringle adj2		6							

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Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 3 of 3 returned.

☐ 1. Document ID: US 20040018586 A1

Using default format because multiple data bases are involved.

L6: Entry 1 of 3

File: PGPB

Jan 29, 2004

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20040018586

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20040018586 A1

TITLE: Method for refolding proteins containing free cysteine residues

PUBLICATION-DATE: January 29, 2004

INVENTOR - INFORMATION:

CITY STATE COUNTRY RULE-47 NAME

Broomfield CO Rosendahl, Mary S. US Cox, George N Louisville CO US Doherty, Daniel H Boulder CO US

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/68.1; 435/69.4

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw. De
								•				

☐ 2. Document ID: US 20030049729 A1

L6: Entry 2 of 3 File: PGPB

Mar 13, 2003

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20030049729

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20030049729 A1

TITLE: Methods for large scale production of recombinant DNA-Derived TPA or K2S

molecules

PUBLICATION-DATE: March 13, 2003

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

CITY STATE COUNTRY RULE-47

Manosroi, Jiradej Chiang Mai THManosroi, Aranya Chiang Mai TH Tayapiwatana, Chatchai BKK TH Goetz, Friedrich Tuebingen DE

Werner, Rolf-Guenther

Biberach

DE

US-CL-CURRENT: $\frac{435}{69.1}$; $\frac{435}{252.33}$, $\frac{435}{320.1}$, $\frac{435}{488}$, $\frac{435}{91.2}$

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KMC	Draw, Di

☐ 3. Document ID: US 20030013150 A1

L6: Entry 3 of 3

File: PGPB

Jan 16, 2003

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20030013150

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20030013150 A1

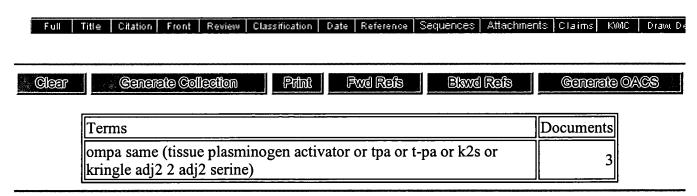
TITLE: Methods for large scale protein production in prokaryotes

PUBLICATION-DATE: January 16, 2003

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME	CITY	STATE	COUNTRY	RULE-47
Manosroi, Jiradej	Chiang Mai		TH	
Manosroi, Aranya	Chiang Mai		TH	
Tayapiwatana, Chatchai	Bkk		TH	
Goetz, Friedrich	Tuebingen		DE	
Werner, Rolf-Guenther	Biberach		DE	

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/69.1; 435/320.1, 435/325, 435/455, 435/91.2



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